

ownCloud User Manual

Release 7.0

The ownCloud developers

CONTENTS

1	ownCloud 7.0 User Documentation						
	1.1 Web Interface	. 1					
	1.2 File Access and Management	. 1					
	1.3 Contacts and Calendar	. 2					
	1.4 Documents	. 2					
	1.5 Bookmarks	. 2					
	1.6 Backup	. 2					
	1.7 External storage	. 2					
	1.8 Indices and tables	. 3					
2	New in ownCloud 7						
	2.1 Changes to the "Shared" folder	. 5					
3	The ownCloud Web Interface	7					
	3.1 Accessing the ownCloud Web Interface	. 7					
	Navigating the Main User Interface						
4	Files & Synchronization	11					
	4.1 Accessing your Files Using the Web Interface	. 11					
	4.2 Accessing Files Using WebDAV						
	4.3 Version Control	. 23					
	4.4 Using Server-to-Server Sharing	. 24					
	4.5 Managing Deleted Files	. 25					
	4.6 Desktop Synchronization	. 28					
	4.7 Encrypting Files	. 28					
	4.8 Storage Quota	. 30					
	4.9 Managing Big Files	. 32					
5	Contacts & Calendar	35					
	5.1 Using the Contacts App						
	5.2 Using the Calendar App						
	5.3 iOS - Synchronize iPhone/iPad	. 52					
	5.4 Synchronizing with OS X	. 53					
	5.5 Thunderbird - Synchronize Addressbook						
	5.6 Synchronizing with KDE SC	. 55					
	Troubleshooting						
6	Using the Bookmarks App	61					
	6.1 The main interface						
	6.2 The Bookmarklet	. 62					

	Documents	63
	7.1 The main interface	63
8	User Account Migration	67
	8.1 Export	67
	8.2 Import	67
9	Changing Preferences	69
10	Configuring External Storage	73
	10.1 Before You Begin	73
	10.2 Configuring Google Drive for External Storage	73
11	Indices and tables	81

OWNCLOUD 7.0 USER DOCUMENTATION

Welcome to ownCloud: your self-hosted file sync and share solution.

ownCloud is open source file sync and share software for everyone from individuals operating the free ownCloud Community Edition, to large enterprises and service providers operating the ownCloud Enterprise Edition. ownCloud provides a safe, secure, and compliant file synchronization and sharing solution on servers that you control.

With ownCloud you can share one or more files and folders on your computer, and synchronize them with your ownCloud server. Place files in your local shared directories, and those files are immediately synchronized to the server and to other devices using the ownCloud Desktop Client. Not near a device running a desktop client? No problem! Simply log in using the ownCloud web client and manage your files from there. The ownCloud Android and iOS mobile applications enable you to browse, download, and upload photos and videos. On Android, you can also create, download, edit, and upload any other files, as long as the correct software is installed.

Whether you are using a mobile device, a workstation, or a web client, ownCloud provides the ability to put the right files in the right hands at the right time on any device with one simple-to-use, secure, private and controlled solution. After all, with ownCloud, it's Your Cloud, Your Data, Your Way.

1.1 Web Interface

The following topic contains a general overview how to access ownCloud from a web browser like Firefox, Chrome, or Internet Explorer:

• The ownCloud Web Interface

1.2 File Access and Management

The following topics contain information about file access and management. Access information includes how to access your server using the ownCloud web interface or through the use of WebDAV shares (Linux or Mac OSX) or web folders (Windows):

- · Accessing your Files Using the Web Interface
- Accessing Files Using WebDAV
- Desktop Synchronization
- Using Server-to-Server Sharing
- Version Control

- Managing Deleted Files
- Encrypting Files
- Storage Quota
- · Managing Big Files

1.3 Contacts and Calendar

The following topic provides information about the **Contacts** and **Calendar** applications including usage instructions as well as how to export, import, and synchronization the ownCloud calendar application with different operating system calendars:

- Using the Calendar App
- Using the Contacts App
- iOS Synchronize iPhone/iPad
- Synchronizing with KDE SC
- Synchronizing with OS X

1.4 Documents

The following topic describes how to use the **Documents** application to enable multiple users to collaboratively edit rich-text documents simultaneously.

• Documents

1.5 Bookmarks

The following topic describes how to use the ownCloud **Bookmarks** application to manage your bookmarks:

• Using the Bookmarks App

1.6 Backup

The following topic describes the ownCloud **User_Migrate** application used to import and export user account settings:

• User Account Migration

1.7 External storage

The following topic describes how to mount external storage locations to the ownCloud server.

• Configuring External Storage

1.8 Indices and tables

• genindex

1.8. Indices and tables

NEW IN OWNCLOUD 7

2.1 Changes to the "Shared" folder

For all existing ownCloud users: the "Shared" folder has been removed from the ownCloud server. As a result, newly shared files and folders no longer appear in a folder called "Shared", they appear in the root user's folder. For example, if Bob shares a folder called "sales" with Earl in ownCloud 6, Earl will see the "Shared" folder appear, and then the folder "sales" appears within "Shared". Now, in ownCloud 7, the same sharing activity would create a folder called "sales" in Earl's root directory. Overlay icons will show Earl that this is a shared folder, and the folder can be moved wherever he wants – including into a folder he creates and calls "Shared". However, the "Shared" directory is no longer required, and will no longer appear by default when a file or folder is shared.

If users currently have an earlier version of ownCloud and have shared files and folders via the "Shared" directory, the files and folders will continue to reside in the "Shared" directory after an ownCloud 7 upgrade. However, any files or folders shared after the upgrade will appear in the user's root directory. These files and folders can be dragged anywhere in the ownCloud file tree (except into another folder that has been shared with this user). For example, the files and folders could be dragged into a "Shared" folder, where they will continue to sync normally. Or they can be dragged into a folder called "Given to me by Bob". In addition, to make navigating these files easier, the ownCloud 7 web interface now provides a "Shared with Me" filter that automatically shows on the left hand side of the files view in a web browser. Clicking on this filter will display only those paths where files and folders shared with this user reside. This change in behavior provides ownCloud users with far greater flexibility, enabling them to arrange and organize files and folders however they want, even if those folders or files are shared with them.

THE OWNCLOUD WEB INTERFACE

You can connect to your ownCloud server using any web browser. To access the ownCloud server using a web browser, specify the uniform resource link (URL) address of the server in the browser navigation bar. This can be the URL address of your personal ownCloud setup or a URL address that you have received from your company or your service provider.

Note: If you are administering the server yourself, we recommend that you read the ownCloud Administrators Guide.

3.1 Accessing the ownCloud Web Interface

To access the ownCloud web interface:

1. Enter the URL address of the ownCloud server into your browser navigation bar.

The ownCloud login window opens.

ownCloud login window

2. Enter your valid username and password.

The username and password combination can be those that you set up yourself when creating your ownCloud server setup or those provided by your company or your service provider.

If you have set up the server yourself, or are administering the server, you can add additional users by configuring a user backend (for example, LDAP).

3. Click the *Log in* button.

The ownCloud main interface opens.

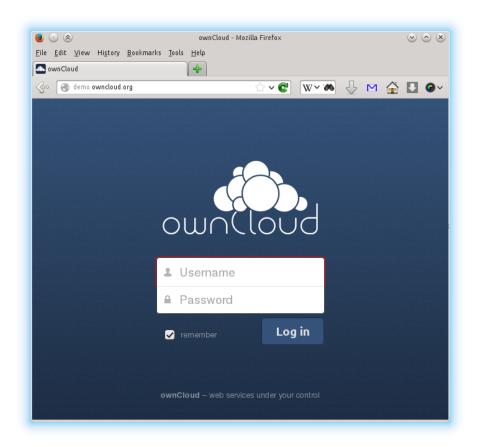
ownCloud main user interface

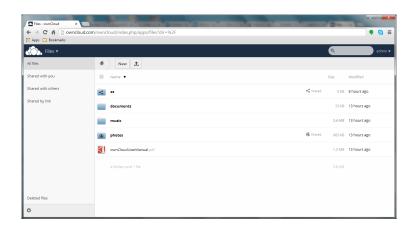
3.2 Navigating the Main User Interface

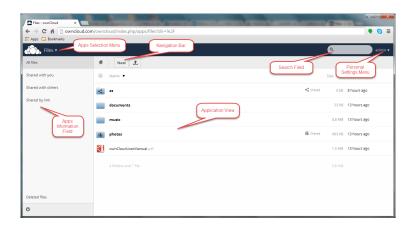
Once you have accessed the ownCloud Server main web interface you can add files, remove files, and make changes based on the access privileges set by you (if you are administering the server) or by your server administrator.

Navigating the main user interface

The ownCloud Maine User Interface contains the following fields and functions:







• Apps Selection Menu: Located in the upper left corner of the user interface, this bar contains apps that are configured on the ownCloud server. The icons in this bar enable you to launch the different apps available and navigate between them within the ownCloud user interface.

Note: ownCloud supports a number of apps that can be installed and used for various features and functions. Not all apps are installed and enabled by default. For example, the *Apps* button is visible only to administrators. This button allows administrators to enable or disable installed applications.

- Apps Information field: Located in the left side bar, this field provides filters and tasks associated with the chosen app. For example, using the Files app, you can use the filters in the apps information field to view only files that have been shared with you, files that you have shared with others, files that you have shared through the use of a link, or an option to delete files. Other app-specific information fields might provide tasks for creating new documents or modifying calendar entries.
- Application View: The main, central field in the ownCloud user interface. This field displays the contents or user features of the app selected in the Navigation Bar. By default, this field shows the files and directory ("Files" view) of your user account.
- Navigation Bar: Located over the main viewing window (the Application View), this bar provides a type of breadcrumbs navigation that enables you to migrate to higher levels of the folder hierarchy up to the root level (home) of your ownCloud instance.
- **New** button: Located in the Navigation Bar, the *New* button ebables you to create new files, new folders, or upload existing files from a specified link.

Note: You can also drag and drop files from Windows Explorer or your MAC OSX Finder into the ownCloud Files Application View to upload them to ownCloud.

- **Upload** button: Located next to the *New* button in the Navigation Bar, the *Upload* button enables you to upload files from your system to the ownCloud server. Clicking this button launches a Windows Explorer or MAC OSX Finder window with which you can choose files for uploading.
- Search field: Residing in the upper right hand corner of the Main User Interface window, the Search field enables you to search for files and folders stored in ownCloud. The ownCloud search function provides a full text search. However, for searching to function, administrators must enable the app in the search app settings.
- **Personal Settings** menu: Located to the right of the Search field, the Personal Settings dropdown menu provides access to your personal settings page and the ability to log out of your ownCloud user session. The personal settings page provides access to the following:
 - Server usage and space availability

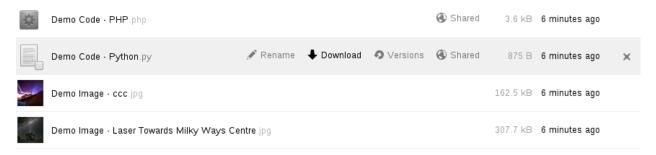
- Password management
- Name, email, and profile picture settings
- Interface language settings
- WebDAV URL for receiving files using WebDAV (see next chapter).
- Mozilla Sync information for creating a synchronization to a Mozilla (Firefox) account.
- ownCloud Version information

In addition to these standard settings, administrators have access to user management (*Users*), apps settings (*Apps*), and administrative settings (*Admin*) including access to the ownCloud log files.

FILES & SYNCHRONIZATION

4.1 Accessing your Files Using the Web Interface

You can access your ownCloud files from anywhere using the ownCloud web interface. Once accessed, using the Files app you can view (if a common type), move, rename, download, share, and delete your files easily.



ownCloud web interface Files app

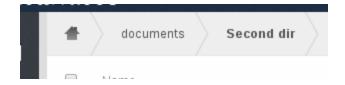
ownCloud version 7 enables you to see file thumbnails next to the filenames. Hovering over a file or folder provides the following highlighted list of operations:

- Rename Enables you to rename a file or folder.
- Download Downloads a file to your system.
- Versions (when enabled; See Version Control for details) Enables you to revert the file or folder to any available older versions.
- *Share* Enables you to share the file or folder with a group or a specific user. Also enables you to share using a specified link.
- *Edit* When a file is editable, enables you to open the file in the document application as long as that application is enabled for use from the ownCloud server.
- Delete Deletes the selected file or folder.

4.1.1 Navigating Inside Your ownCloud

Navigating through folders in ownCloud is as simple as clicking on a folder to open it and using the back button on your browser to move to a previous level. For added convenience, ownCloud also provides a navigation bar at the top of the Files field for quick navigation.

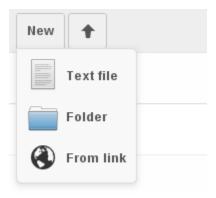
Navigation bar



The navigation bar functions as a "breadcrumb" locator. It indicates your current directory and enables you to migrate back to one of the upper directories or, using the home icon, to navigate back into your root folder.

4.1.2 Creating or Uploading Files and Directories

ownCloud enables you to create new files or folders directly in an ownCloud folder by clicking on the *New* button in the Files app.



New button options

The *New* button provides the following three options from which to choose:

- Text file Creates a simple text file and adds the file to the current folder in your ownCloud.
- Folder Creates a new folder in the current folder.
- From link Downloads a file from a provided link path and places it into the current folder.

4.1.3 Selecting Files or Folders

You can select one or more files or folders by clicking on the small thumbnails or icons that represent them. When you select a file or folder, a small checkbox is populated with a check to indicate that it is selected. To select all files in the current directory, you can click on the checkbox located at the top of the Files app field, above the first file or folder on the list.

If you select multiple files, you can deleted all of the selected files or download them as a ZIP file by using the Delete or Download buttons at the top right side of the Files app field.

Note: If the Download button is not visible, the administrator has disabled this feature. Contact your administrator for further guidance.

4.1.4 Filtering the File Application View

ownCloud enables you to view files in the File Application View using filter options located in the Apps Information Field. This feature enables you to quickly and easily view and manage files based on their share status.

You can click on any of the filter options to view the files as follows:

- All files The default view; displays all files in the Application View window.
- Shared with you Displays all files shared with you by another user or group.
- Shared with others Displays all files that you have shared with other users or groups.
- Shared by link Displays all files that are shared by you through the use of a link.

4.1.5 Previewing Files

You can display uncompressed text files, OpenDocument files, PDFs, and image files from the ownCloud server by clicking on the file name. If ownCloud cannot display a file, a download process starts and the file is downloaded to your system.

4.1.6 Moving Files

Using the ownCloud web interface, you can move files and folders by dragging and dropping them into any directory. If you want to move a file or folder to an upper directory, click and drag them to one of the folders shown in the navigation bar.

4.1.7 Sharing Files

When enabled by the administrator, you can share any file or folder on ownCloud with a local user, group, or any person online with a public link. By sharing a file or folder, the user or group can download the information directly to their system. Shared files and folders depict a globe icon and the status *Shared* in the file or folder row.

To share a file or folder:

- 1. Using your cursor, hover over an item in the Files Application View.
- 2. Locate the **Share** icon in the file or folder row.
- 3. Click Share.

The Share dialog box opens to show the following options:

- 4. Choose the desired share option:
- User/Group Share field: Enables you to specify to whom you want to share the file or folder. Once you specify a user or group, a dialog appears providing added sharing options.
- Share link checkbox: When enabled (checked), provides the following additional share options:
 - File/Folder URL field: Specifies the URL to the folder or file that you want to share.
 - Password Protect checkbox: When enabled (checked), provides the option of protecting access to the file
 of folder through the use of a simple alphanumeric password.
 - Allow Public Upload checkbox: When enabled (checked), provides the ability for shared users to upload
 files using the provided link.

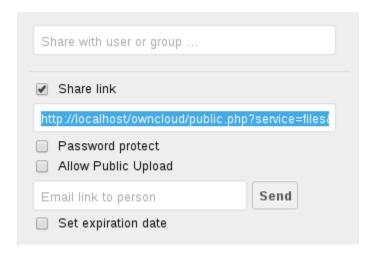


Figure 4.1: Share dialog box

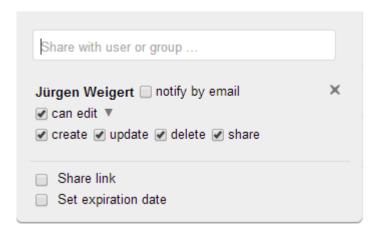


Figure 4.2: Sharing options dialog

Email Link field: Enables you to alert users of the shared folder by email. You can specify one or more
email addresses in this field (separated by spaces) and then click the "Send" button to send emails of the
share.

Note: The server must be configured with a mail server or mail server access.

• Set expiration date checkbox: When enabled (checked), you can specify a date for which the share expires. You specify the expiration date in the format MM/DD/YYYY. For added convenience, clicking in the "Expiration date" field opens a calendar from which you can specify the date.

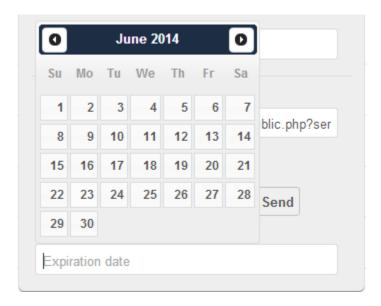


Figure 4.3: Expiration Date Calendar

4.2 Accessing Files Using WebDAV

Web Distributed Authoring and Versioning (WebDAV) is a Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP) extension that facilitates collaboration between users in editing and managing documents and files stored on web servers. Using WebDAV, you can access your ownCloud instance on every platform using the web interface. You can also optionally integrate your ownCloud access with your desktop.

Note: In the following examples, You must adjust example.org/ to the URL of your ownCloud server installation.

4.2.1 Accessing Files Using Linux

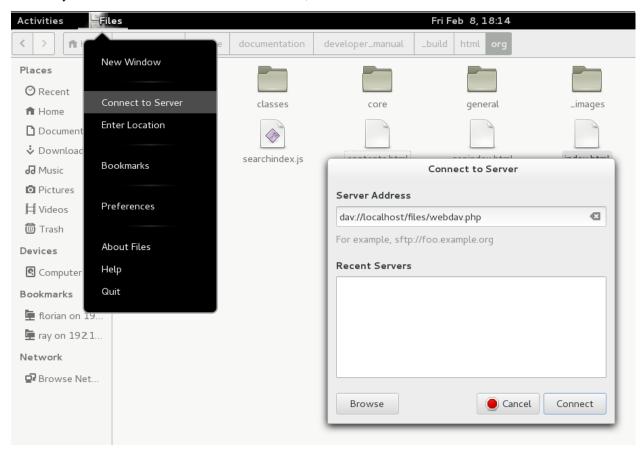
You can access files in Linux operating systems using the following methods:

Accessing Files with Gnome 3 and Nautilus File Manager

The URL that you have to use to connect to the ownCloud installation using Nautilus File Manager is:

davs://example.org/owncloud/remote.php/webdav

Note: If your server connection is not HTTPS-secured, use dav:// instead of davs://.

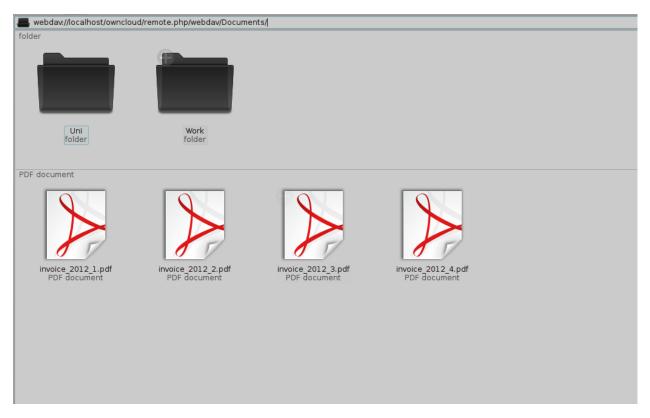


Accessing Files with KDE and Dolphin File Manager

To access Files using KDE:

Click in the address area and enter:

webdav://example.org/owncloud/remote.php/webdav



To access files using Dolphin File Manager:

- 1. Open Dolphin and click "Network" in the left hand "Places" column.
- Click on the icon labeled Add a Network Folder. The resulting dialog should appear with WebDAV already selected.
- 3. If WebDav is not selected, select it.
- 4. Click Next.
- 5. Enter the following settings: * Name: The name you want to see in the **Places** bookmark, for example own-Cloud. * User: The ownCloud username you used to log in, for example admin. * Server: The ownCloud domain name, for example **example.org** (without **http://** before or directories afterwards). * Folder Enter the path owncloud/remote.php/webdav.
- 6. (Optional) Check the "Create icon checkbox" for a bookmark to appear in the Places column.
- 7. (Optional) Provide any special settings or an SSL certificate in the "Port & Encrypted" checkbox.

Mounting the File System and Accessing with a Command Line

To mount the file system and access files using a command line:

1. Install the WebDAV support using the dayfs package. For example, on Debian/Ubuntu, you can use:

```
sudo apt-get install davfs2
```

2. Reconfigure dayfs2 to allow access to normal users (select Yes when prompted):

```
sudo dpkg-reconfigure davfs2
```

3. Specify any users that you want to have mount and share privileges in the dayfs2 group:

```
sudo usermod -aG davfs2 <user>
```

4. Edit the /etc/fstab file and add the following line for each user for whom you want to give mount privileges for the folder:

```
example.org/owncloud/remote.php/webdav /home/<username>/owncloud davfs user,rw,noauto 0 0
```

For each user for whom you wants to give mount privileges:

- 1. Create the folders owncloud/ and .davfs2/ in your home directory.
- 2. Create the file secrets inside the .davfs2/ folder and populate it with the following:

```
example.org/owncloud/remote.php/webdav <username> <password>
```

4. Ensure that the file is writable by only you by using the file manager or by issuing the following command:

```
''chmod 600 ~/.davfs2/secrets''
```

5. Run the following command:

```
''mount ~/owncloud''
```

6. To automatically mount the folder on login, add the mount ~/owncloud command to the ./.bashrc file.

Known Issues

Problem: Resource temporarily unavailable

Solution: If you experience trouble when you create a file in the directory, edit /etc/davfs2/davfs2.conf and add:

```
use_locks 0
```

Problem: Certificate warnings

Solution: If you use a self-signed certificate, you will get a warning. If you are willing to take the risk of a man in the middle attack, run this command instead:

```
echo "y" | mount ~/owncloud > /dev/null 2>&1
```

4.2.2 Accessing Files Using MAC OSX

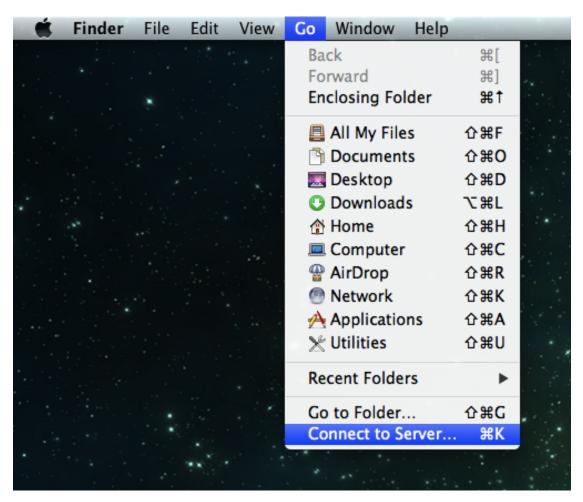
Note: The MAC OSX Finder suffers from a series of implementation problems and should only be used if the ownCloud server runs on **Apache** and **mod_php**.

To access files through the MAC OSX Finder:

1. Choose **Go > Connect to Server**.

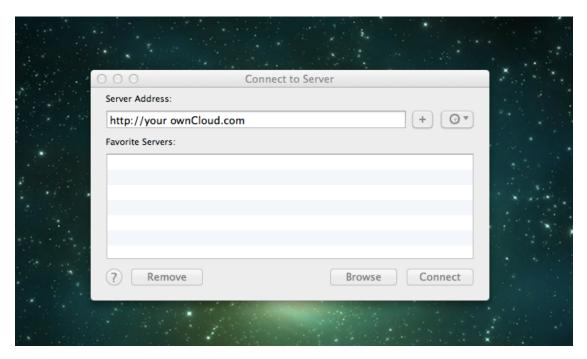
The "Connect to Server" window opens.

2. Specify the address of the server in the **Server Address** field.



For example, the URL address used to connect to the ownCloud installation from the MAC OSX Finder is:

http://example.org/owncloud/remote.php/webdav



3. Click Connect.

The device connects to the server.

For added details about how to connect to an external server using MAC OSX, check the respective vendor documentation.

4.2.3 Accessing Files Using Microsoft Windows

When using Microsoft Windows, a seperate WebDAV client is recommended to access the files from your server. You can choose a suitable WebDav client from the WebDav Project page.

If you must use the native implementation, you can map ownCloud to a new drive. Mapping to a drive enables you to browse files stored on an ownCloudserver the way you would files stored in a mapped network drive.

Using this feature requires network connectivity. If you want to store your files offline, use the ownCloud Client to sync all files on your ownCloud to one or more directories of your local hard drive.

Note: Prior to mapping your drive, you must permit the use of Basic Authentication in the Windows Registry. The procedure is documented in KB841215 and differs between Windows XP/Server 2003 and Windows Vista/7. Please follow the Knowledge Base article before proceeding, and follow the Vista instructions if you run Windows 7.

Mapping Drives With the Command Line

The following example shows how to map a drive using the command line. To map the drive:

- 1. Open a command prompt in Windows.
- 2. Enter the following line in the command prompt to map to the computer Z drive:

```
net use Z: https://<drive_path>/remote.php/webdav /user:youruser yourpassword
```

where <drive_path> is example.org/owncloud

For example: net use Z: https://example.org/owncloud/remote.php/webdav/user:youruser yourpassword

The computer maps the files of your ownCloud account to the drive letter Z.

Note: Though not recommended, you can also mount the ownCloud server using HTTP, leaving the connection unencrypted. If you plan to use HTTP connections on devices while in public place, we strongly recommend using a VPN tunnel to provide the necessary security.

An alternative command syntax is:

```
net use Z: \\example.org@ssl\owncloud\remote.php\webdav
/user:youruser yourpassword
```

Appending /persistent makes the connection persistent across reboots. (??Example??)

You can also mount your ownCloud via HTTP, leaving the connection unencrypted.

Mapping Drives With Windows Explorer

To map a drive using the Microsoft Windows Explorer:

- 1. Migrate to your computer in Windows Explorer.
- 2. Right-click on Computer entry and select Map network drive... from the drop-down menu.
- 3. Choose a local network drive to which you want to map ownCloud.
- 4. Specify the address to your ownCloud instance, followed by /remote.php/webdav.

For example:

```
https://example.org/owncloud/remote.php/webdav
```

Note: For SSL protected servers, check **Reconnect at logon** to ensure that the mapping is persistent upon subsequent reboots. If you want to connect to the ownCloud server as a different user, check **Connect using different credentials**.

5. Click the Finish button.

Windows Explorer maps the network drive, making your ownCloud instance available.

Accessing Files Using Cyberduck

Cyberduck is an open source FTP and SFTP, WebDAV, OpenStack Swift, and Amazon S3 browser designed for file transfers.

Note: This example uses Cyberduck version 4.2.1.

To use Cyberduck:

1. Specify a server without any leading protocol information. For example:

```
example.org
```

2. Specify the appropriate port. The port you choose depends on whether or not your ownCloud server supports SSL. Cyberduck requires that you select a different connection type if you plan to use SSL. For example:

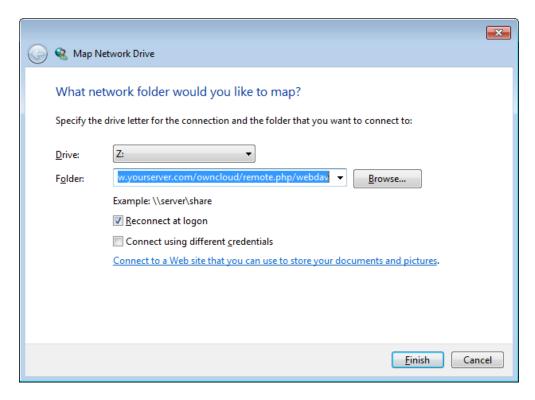


Figure 4.4: Mapping WebDAV on Windows Explorer

80 (for WebDAV) 443 (for WebDAV (HTTPS/SSL))

3. Use the 'More Options' drop-down menu to add the rest of your WebDAV URL into the 'Path' field. For example:

remote.php/webdav

Cyberduck enables file access to the ownCloud server.

Known Problems

Problem Windows does not connect using HTTPS.

Solution The Windows WebDAV Client might not support Server Name Indication (SNI) on encrypted connections. If you encounter an error mounting an SSL-encrypted ownCloud instance, contact your provider about assigning a dedicated IP address for your SSL-based server.

Problem You receive the following error message: Error 0x800700DF: The file size exceeds the limit allowed and cannot be saved.

Solution Windows limits maximum size file transferred the from or You increase the DAV share may have. can value **FileSizeLimitInBytes** $HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINESYSTEMCurrentControlSetServicesWebClientParameters$ by on **Modify**.

To increase the limit to the maximum value of 4GB, select **Decimal**, enter a value of **4294967295**, and reboot Windows or restart the **WebClient** service.

Todo

document registry keys on file size limit and not complaining in no network cases

4.2.4 Using the Desktop Sync Client to Access Files

Some applications enable you to only save to a local folder. To circumvent this issue, you can install the ownCloud sync clients.

4.2.5 Using Mobile Apps to Access Files

Todo

Needs updating

To connect to your ownCloud server with any **ownCloud** mobile apps, use the base URL and folder only:

example.org/owncloud

Note: There is no need to add remote.php/webdav as you do for other WebDAV clients.

Mobile apps currently exist for both Android and webOS. Feel free to contribute, if you can!

In addition to the mobile apps provided by ownCloud, you can use other apps to connect to ownCloud from your mobile device using WebDAV WebDAV Navigator is a good (proprietary) app for Android devices, iPhones, and BlackBerry devices.

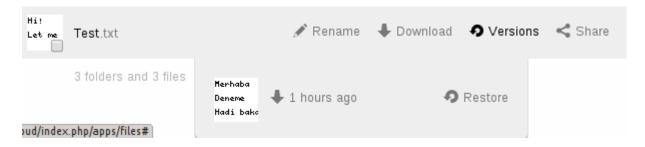
The URL for these is:

example.org/owncloud/remote.php/webdav

4.3 Version Control

ownCloud supports simple version control for files. Versioning creates backups of files which are accessible via the Versions link. This link contains the history of the file where you can roll back a file to any previous version. Changes made at intervals greater than two minutes are saved in data/[user]/versions, and made accessible using the above pages.

To restore a specific version of a file, hover your cursor on a file and click *Versions* link. If any version is available, you should see a list like the image below:



Clicking on *Restore* next to any version will revert the file to that version back.

4.3. Version Control 23

The versioning app expires old versions automatically to make sure that the user doesn't run out of space. Following pattern is used to delete old versions:

- For the first second we keep one version
- For the first 10 seconds ownCloud keeps one version every 2 seconds
- For the first minute ownCloud keeps one version every 10 seconds
- For the first hour ownCloud keeps one version every minute
- For the first 24 hours ownCloud keeps one version every hour
- For the first 30 days ownCloud keeps one version every day
- After the first 30 days ownCloud keeps one version every week

The versions are adjusted along this pattern every time a new version gets created.

Beside that the version app takes care to never use more that 50% of the users currently available free space. If the stored versions exceed this limit ownCloud delete the oldest versions until it meets the memory usage limit again.

4.4 Using Server-to-Server Sharing

ownCloud supports server-to-server sharing. By mounting a share from another ownCloud instance, this feature enables you to:

- · Seamlessly collaborate and share files from within two ownCloud instances.
- Combine two private clouds into a single public cloud.
- Locally synchronize the folder through the client.
- Eliminate the need to create user accounts on multiple instances.

Note: Server-to-server sharing requires that both servers are running versions of ownCloud that support this feature.

For information about managing server-to-server sharing functions for internal and external users and groups see 'Managing Server-to-Server Sharing Access'_.

4.4.1 Sharing Files and Folders Across Servers

Server-to-server sharing is enabled on new or upgraded ownCloud installations by default. However, you need to share folders in a particular way for server-to-server sharing to function. When sharing files and folders across servers, two primary steps are required. These steps include:

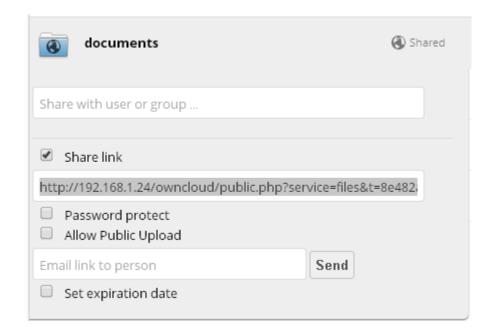
- 1. The originator sharing a file or folder from their server using a link.
- 2. The receiver(s) of the shared file or folder adding the file or folder to their ownCloud instance.

Sharing From a Server

To share a file or folder across servers as an originator:

- 1. Access the Files app on your server.
- 2. Select and share a file or folder by link.

Sharing a link



- 3. (Optional) Specify an alphanumeric password that you want others to use in order to accessing this share.
- 4. (Optional) Specify an expiration date for the share.

If set, the ability to access the link expires on the date specified.

3. Send an email to the user or group to indicate the shared link.

Adding a Shared File or Folder to Your ownCloud Instance

To add a file or folder to your ownCloud:

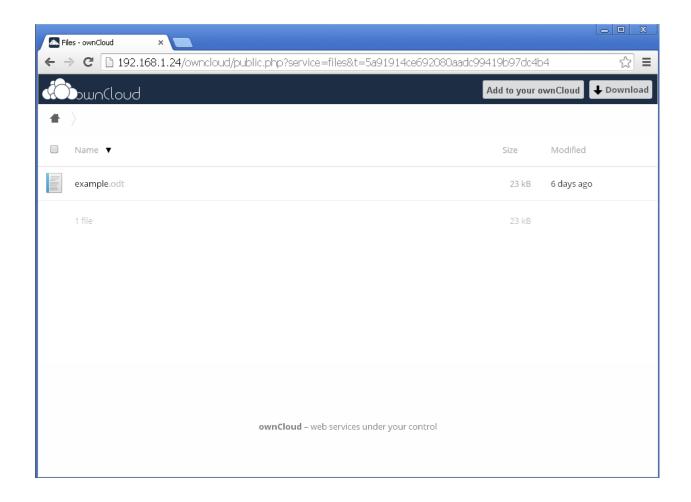
- Access the shared link using a browser.
 The links opens the shared folder or file.
- 2. Click "Add to your owncloud" and specify the URL to your ownCloud instance.

4.5 Managing Deleted Files

ownCloud maintains a copy of deleted files in case you need them again. To ensure that individual users do not run out of memory, the Files app manages the total memory size of deleted files for each user. When it comes to managing deleted files, keep the following in mind:

- The total memory allocation for deleted files can never exceed more that 50% of the currently available free space for each user.
- Once the 50% maximum is reached for deleted files, ownCloud begins to delete files, starting with the oldest versions, until it reaches the memory usage limit again.

You can view all of the deleted files by clicking on the *Deleted files* button in Files app on the web interface.

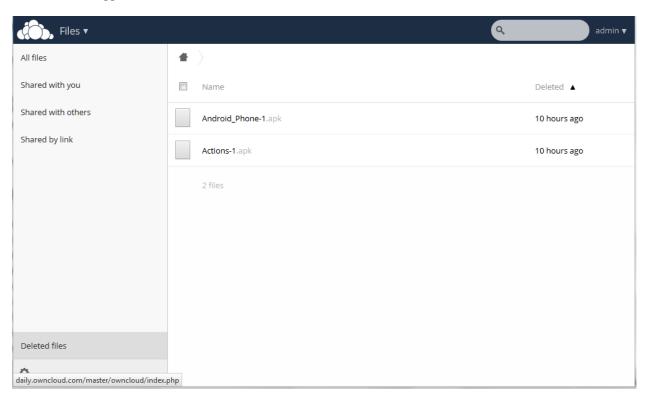


4.5.1 Restoring Files

To restore a deleted file:

1. In the Files app, click the *Deleted files* button.

The Files app shows all deleted files.



Deleted files

2. Hover the cursor over the file that you want to restore.

Task options appear for the file.

3. Click the *Restore* button.

The Files app restores the file to its original location on the server.

4.5.2 Deleting Files

To permanently delete a file:

1. In the Files app, click the *Deleted files* button.

See the **Deleted files** image above.

2. Hover the cursor over the file that you want to delete.

Task options appear for the file.

3. Click the *Trash can* button.

The Files app permanently removes the file from the server.

4.5.3 Modifying the Deleted File Age-Out Value

Each time a file is added to the deleted files directory, ownCloud checks the age of the deleted files. By default, deleted files remain in the deleted files directory for 180 days.

The administrator can adjust the age-out value in the config.php by setting the trashbin_retention_obligation value. Files with ages that exceed this value are deleted permanently.

4.6 Desktop Synchronization

For synchronizing files with your desktop computer, we recommend using the ownCloud Client for Windows, Mac OS X and Linux.

The ownCloud Desktop Client enables you to connect to your private ownCloud Server. You can create folders in your home directory, and keep the contents of those folders synced with your ownCloud server. Simply copy a file into the directory and the ownCloud desktop client does the rest. Make a change to the files on one computer, it will flow across the others using these desktop sync clients. Always have your latest files with you wherever you are.

Its usage is documented separately in the ownCloud Desktop Client Manual.

Furthermore, It is possible to synchronize your ownCloud calendar and address book with a variety of different operating systems and devices. It is also possible to mount your ownCloud storage via WebDAV, which is also documented in the next chapters.

4.7 Encrypting Files

By default, ownCloud provides an Encryption app. This app enables encryption of all files stored in your ownCloud. Once enabled by the administrator, all of your files are encrypted automatically.

Encryption and decryption always occurs on the server side. This enables you to continue to use all other apps to view and edit data. However, this method of encryption also means that the server administrator can intercept your data. Server-side encryption is especially useful if you use external storage. It ensures that the external storage provider is not able to read your data.

Note: Once the Encryption app is enabled, your log-in password is required to decrypt and access your data. By default, your data will be lost if you cannot use your log-in password to retrieve it. If you want to protect yourself against password loss, store your log-in password in a secure place or enable the recovery-key feature as described below.

The current version of the Encryption app encrypts all files stored in ownCloud except the following:

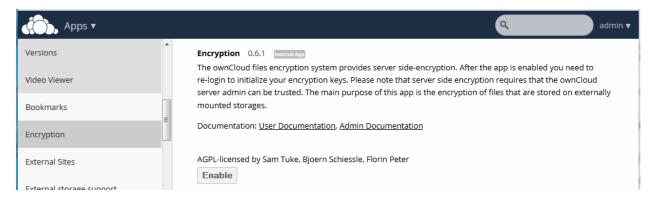
- Old files in the trash bin (files that were deleted prior to the encryption app being enabled).
- Image thumbnails from the Gallery app.
- Previews from the Files app.
- The search index from the full text search app.

Note: All data is stored directly on the ownCloud server, eliminating exposure of your data to third party storage providers.

4.7.1 Enabling the Encryption App

Though ownCloud provides the Encryption app in the server download, it is disabled by default. To enable the Encryption app:

- 1. Access the ownCloud server as administrator.
- In the Apps Selection Menu, click "+".
 All apps appear in the Apps Information field.
- 3. Scroll down the apps list and click the Encryption app.



Encryption app (Enabling)

4. Click the *Enable* button.

The Encryption app is enabled.

4.7.2 Decrypting Encrypted Files

If the Encryption app is disabled after users have already stored encrypted data, users are prompted to decrypt their files again in their personal settings. Once done, users can continue to use their ownCloud without encryption.

4.7.3 Settings

Once the encryption app is enabled, additional settings appear on the Admin settings page. These settings include the ability to:

- Set a recovery key password.
- Enable or disable the use of the recovery key password.

Recovery Key Password

If the administrator enabled the recovery key feature, you can choose to use this feature for your account. If you enable "Password recovery" the administrator can read your data with a special password. This feature enables the administrator to recover your files in the event you lose your password. If the recovery key is not enabled, then there is no way to restore your files if you lose your login password.

Change Private Key Password

This option is only available if your log-in password, but not your encryption password, was changed by your administrator. This can occur if your ownCloud provider uses a external user back-end (for example, LDAP) and changed your login password using that back-end configuration. In this case, you can set your encryption password to your new login password by providing your old and new login password. The Encryption app works only if your login password and your encryption password are identical.

4.8 Storage Quota

ownCloud enables you to specify a storage quota for users which is the **maximum space** a user is allowed to use for files located in their individual home storage.

Note: Quota settings **only apply to actual files**, not application metadata. Application metadate consumes an added 10% of space for any given user. When allocating quotas, you must ensure that there is at least 10% more space available for each user.

4.8.1 Checking Available Space

You can check available space by accessing the "Personal Settings" page. To access your personal settings:

1. Click the Personal Settings dropdown menu to the right of the Search field in the ownCloud Main User Interface.

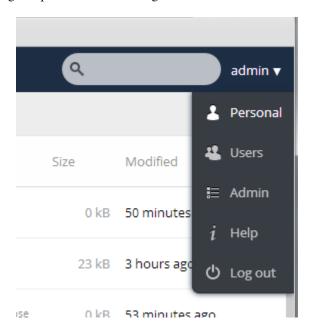
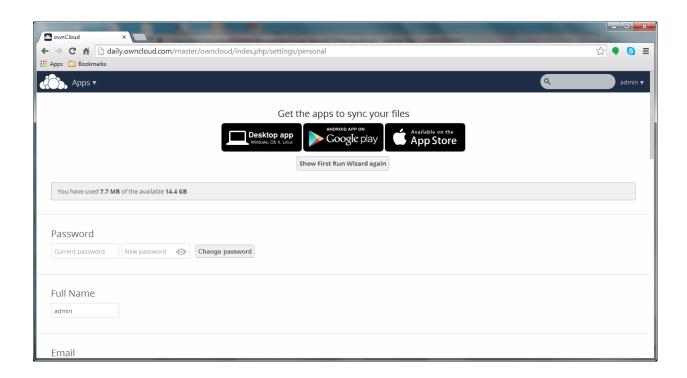


Figure 4.5: Personal Settings menu

2. Select "Personal" from the menu. The Personal Settings window opens.

The available space of a given user is calculated using the following formula:



available_space = min(quota, disk_free_space) - used_space

disk_free_space is the space available on the partition on which the home storage for a user is located on the server.

Note: It is possible that the available space on a partition is less than the user quota.

Todo

??So what do we do in that case??

4.8.2 Available Space and Sharing

When sharing files or folders, the space that each file or folder (along with the folder contents) uses is counted in the quota for the user who is sharing the files or folders. For example:

Example: Available Space and Shared Files

If user 'A' shares a file with user 'B,' the size of the file is counted against the storage quota for user 'A', even if the file is modified or its size is increased by user 'B.'

Example: Available Space and Shared Folders

If user 'A' shares a folder with user 'B,' the size of the folder (along with its contents) is counted against the storage quota for user 'A.' This means that any file that is modified or uploaded by user 'B' inside of the shared folder counts against the storage quota for user 'A.'

Resharing

When resharing a file or a directory, the used space is still counted in the quota of the owner who shared it initially.

4.8. Storage Quota 31

Public sharing with upload permission

If user A publicly shares (share with link) a directory D and enables the "public upload" permission, people with the link will be able to upload files into D and their sizes will be counted in user A's used space.

4.8.3 Excluded from quota

Metadata and cache

Application metadata and cached information are excluded from the total used space.

Such data could be thumbnails (icon previews, pictures app), temporary files, encryption keys, etc.

Some apps are also storing information directly in the database (not as files) like the *calendar* and *contacts* apps. This data is also excluded from the total used space.

Deleted files

When deleting files, these are moved/copied to the *trashbin* at first. These files do not count in the user's used space.

For example with a quota of 10 GB, if the user has 4 GB used space and 5 GB in the trashbin, they will still see 6 GB free space. If the user uploads 6 GB of files at this point, the *trashbin app* will discard deleted files when necessary to make room for the new files.

Version Control

The size of older file versions does not count in the used space.

For example with a quota of 10 GB, if the user has 4 GB used space and 5 GB of older file versions, they will still see 6 GB free space. If the user uploads 6 GB of files at this point, the *versions app* will discard older versions when necessary to make room for the new files.

See Version Control for details about the version expiration behavior.

Encryption

When files are *encrypted*, they take slightly more physical space than the original files. Only the original size will be counted in the used space.

External storage

When mounting external storage, either as administrator or as user, the space available on that storage is not taken into account for the user's quota. It is currently not possible to set a quota for external storage.

4.9 Managing Big Files

There are a few default configuration settings that you will want to change to enable ownCloud to operate more effectively as a self-hosted file sync and share server.

When uploading through the web client, ownCloud is governed by PHP and Apache. By default, PHP is configured for only 2 megabyte uploads. As this default upload limit is not entirely useful, we recommend that you increase the ownCloud variables to the sizes you want to support on your server.

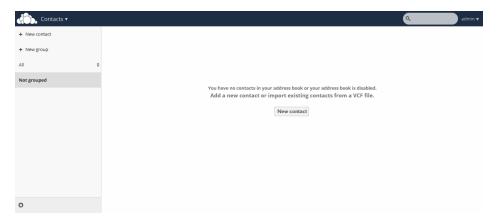
Modifying certain ownCloud variables requires administrative access. If you require larger upload limits than have been provided by the default (or already set by your administrator):

- Contact your administrator to request an increase in these variables
- Refer to the section in the Admin Documentation that describes how to configure for big files.

CONTACTS & CALENDAR

5.1 Using the Contacts App

The ownCloud Contacts app is similar to other mobile contact applications, but with more functionality. When you first access the Contacts app, a default address book becomes available.



Contacts app (empty)

In the Apps Information field for the Contacts app, you can choose to create a new contact or a new group. This field also enables you to filter your contacts based on grouped or ungrouped contacts.

5.1.1 Adding Contacts

You can add contacts using one of the following methods:

- Import contacts using a Variant Call Format (VCF) file
- · Add contacts manually

Importing Contacts

The fastest way to add contacts is through the use of a Variant Call Format (VCF) file.

To import contacts using a VCF file:

1. At the bottom of the Contacts app information field, locate the gear button.

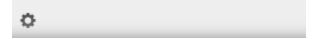


Figure 5.1: Contact settings gear button

2. Click the gear button. The Contacts app upload field opens.

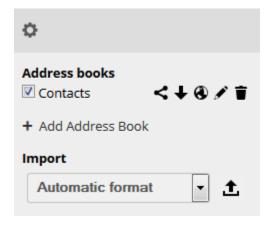


Figure 5.2: Contacts app upload field

- 3. Choose an address book to which you want to import contacts by clicking the checkbox next to the address book.
- 4. Select one of the options from the Import pulldown menu. These options include the following:
 - Automatic format Any VCF file. ownCloud determines the file format and imports accordingly.
 - Gmail CSV The comma-separated values file from your Gmail account.
 - Outlook CSV The comma-separated values file from your Outlook account.
 - Thunderbird CSV The comma-separated values file from your Thunderbird account.
 - Yahoo CSV The comma-separated values file from your Yahoo account.
 - PHPLdapAdmin Idif Export The export record from your LDAP configuration.
 - Gmail VCard The VCard files from your Gmail account.
 - Standard VCard The VCard files from your Standard account.
 - Yahoo VCard The VCard files from your Yahoo account.
 - 5. Click the upload arrow to the right of the import option that you select.

An Upload File window opens.

6. Navigate to the appropriate file on your system and select it for upload.

Note: You can upload files individually or, by selecting multiple files using the CTRL button and selecting them, you can upload multiple files at one time.

7. Once you have selected the appropriate files, click the *Open* 'button.



Figure 5.3: **Selecting VCF files**

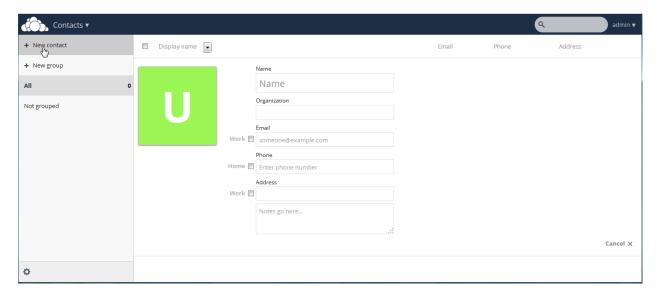
The interface automatically places your contacts into ownCloud.

Creating Contacts Manually

The Contacts app enables you to create contacts manually.

To create a new contact:

Click the +New contact option in the Contacts information field.
 An empty new contact configuration opens in the Application View field.



- 2. Specify the new contact information as follows:
 - Name The name of the contact. This field provides the option of specifying added information for the user by clicking the pen button to the right of the Name field.
 - Organization The organization for the contact.

- Email The email address for the contact. This field defaults to the work email address for the contact. However, you can specify a different email designation by clicking the Work designation to the left of the email field.
- Phone The phone number for the contact. This field defaults to the home phone number for the contact. However, you can specify a different phone designation by clicking the Home designation to the left of the phone field.
- Address The address for the contact. This field defaults to the work address for the contact. However, you can specify a different address designation by clicking the Work designation to the left of the address field.
- Notes Any notes you want to add about the contact.

Note: The Email, Phone, and Address fields provide the option of specifying a contact method as "preferred."

Editing Contact Information

The Contacts app enables you to edit or remove contact information.

To edit contact information:

- 1. Navigate to the specific contact that you want to modify.
- 2. Select the information in the field that you want to edit.
- 3. Make your modifications.

Changes that you make to any contact information are implemented immediately.

Removing Contact Information

The Contacts app enables you to remove contact information.

To remove contact information:

- 1. Navigate to the specific contact that you want to modify.
- 2. Locate the contact information field that you want to remove.
- 3. Click the trash bin to the right of the contact information.

Changes that you make to any contact information are implemented immediately.

Defining a Contact Avatar

By default, new contacts receive a letter avatar (picture) of "U" (for "User").

Customizing an Avatar

In addition to dynamically altering the avatar for each contact, the Contacts app enables you to customize the avatar. You can specify an avatar in one of the two following ways:

• Upload new image – By selecting this option, ownCloud opens a File Upload window. You can choose a new image by navigating to the image, selecting it, and clicking Open.



Figure 5.4: Contact picture (default)

When you specify the name of a contact, the avatar reflects the name by adopting the first letter of the name you provide. For example, if you were to specify the name of "Frederick," the avatar would dynamically change to "F" for that contact. If you provide multiple contacts with the same name, or with names that start with the same first letter, the avatar uses the same letter but changes color to indicate the difference.

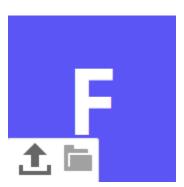


Figure 5.5: Contact picture (dynamic change)

• Select image from Files – By selecting this option, ownCloud opens the Files app on the ownCloud server. You can choose an image by navigating to the image in the ownCloud directory, selecting it, and clicking Choose.

Cropping an Avatar Image

After you have selected an image for your contact, the Contacts app enables you to crop the picture.



Figure 5.6: Cropping contact image

To crop the image:

- 1. Move the image crop box to the desired location and resize the box any way you like.
- 2. Click Crop Picture in the crop image dialog box.

The Contacts app crops the image and replaces whatever image was originally used for the contact.

5.1.2 Managing Address Books

Clicking on the settings (gear) button at the bottom of the Apps Information field provides access to the Contact app settings. This field shows all available address books, certain options for each address book, and enables you to create new address books.

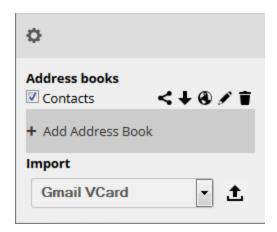


Figure 5.7: Contacts settings

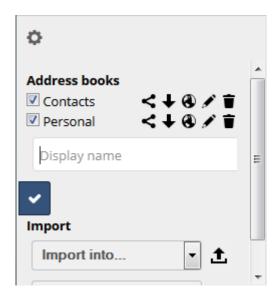
The Contacts settings enables you to share, export, edit, and delete address books.

Note: You can hover the cursor over each icon to view a brief pop-up description for each.

5.1.3 Adding an Address Book

To add an address book:

Click the + Add Address Book option in the Contacts settings field.
 A field opens requesting you to enter a display name for the new address book.



Adding an address book

- 2. Specify a display name for the address book.
- 3. Click the checkbox icon to create the new address book.

5.1.4 Synchronizing Address Books

One of the most important features in any contact application is the ability to keep it in sync. The ownCloud Contacts app enables you to sync your address books to external devices that use the Android or Apple iOS operating systems.

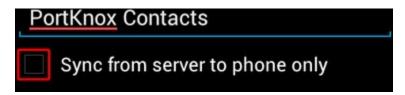
Synchronizing With Android

To synchronize with an Android device:

1. Install CardDAV- Sync free from the Google play store by visiting this link. This app supports auto-configuration.

Note: Following the installing, visit carddavs://example.org/remote.php/carddav/ to auto-configure the app.

- 3. Enter your login details.
- 4. After the app has checked your login details, select the Sync from server to phone only option.



Synchronizing With Apple iOS

To synchronize with an Apple iOS device:

- 1. Open the settings application.
- 2. Select Mail > Contacts > Calendars.
- 3. Select Add Account.
- 4. Select other as the account type.
- 5. Select Add CardDAV account.
- 6. For server, enter http://example.org/remote.php/carddav/principals/username
- 7. Specify your username and password.
- 8. Select Next.
- 9. If your server does not support SSL, a warning is displayed. Select Continue.
- 10. If the iPhone is unable to verify the account information, perform the following:
 - 1. Click OK.
 - 2. Select advanced settings.
 - 3. Make sure Use SSL is set to "OFF".
 - 4. Change the port to 80.
 - 5. Return to "account information" and click Save.

Your contacts appear in the address book of your iPhone.

Using Other Synchronization Options

ownCloud provides the following alternative synchronization options:

- For Android devices, you can use an official Android app. You can find this app here.
- For iOS (iPhone and iPad) devices, you can use their official app. You can find this app here.

5.1.5 Troubleshooting

Are you having problems using the app? Have a look at the *Troubleshooting* guide.

5.2 Using the Calendar App

The ownCloud Calendar app enables you to create and edit events, synchronize to other calendars you might use, and create new, personalized calendars.

By default, when you access the Calendar app for the first time, you get a "Personal" calendar that you can use or modify as you like.

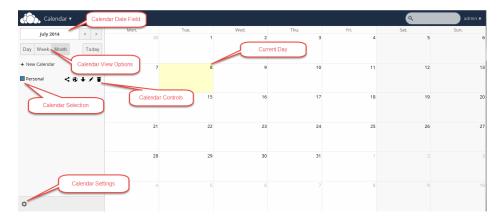


Figure 5.8: Calendar app (default)

The Calendar app contains the following fields and controls:

- Calendar Date Field Provides the current date or enables you to select a date that you want to view.
- Calendar View Options Enables you to choose between a day, week, or month view for the main Calendar app window. Also provides a quick jump button to access the current day (Today).
- Calendar Selection Enables you to choose the calendar that you want to view.
- Calendar Controls Provides controls for each individual calendar. These controls include sharing, obtaining an external URL link to the calendar, an export function, an edit function, and a delete (trash) button.
- Calendar Settings Provides access to the calendar-specific settings. These settings include the calendar timezone selection, time format selection, week start day, cache setting, primary CalDAV address, and iOS/OS X CalDAV address settings.

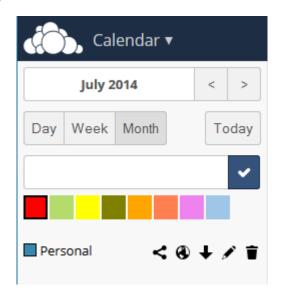
5.2.1 Creating a New Calendar

The ownCloud Calendar app enables you to create new calendars for work or other activities that you want to keep separated. You can manage each calendar separately.

To create a new calendar:

- 1. Access the Calendar app.
- 2. Click the + New Calendar field.

A dialog opens to enable you to create a new calendar.



New calendar

- 3. Specify a name for the new calendar.
- 4. (Optional) Specify a color for the new calendar.
- 5. Click the blue checkbox.

The Calendar app creates a new calendar using the name and color specified.

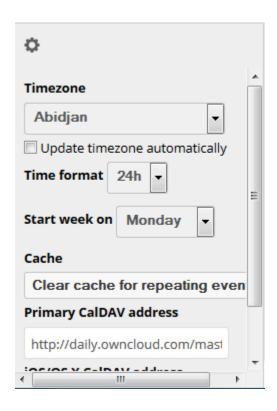
5.2.2 Managing Calendar Settings

The Calendar app settings provides global configuration that applies to all calendars that you have created in the Calendar app.

Calendar app settings

In the Calendar app settings, you can modify the following:

- Timezone Provides an alphabetical listing of all available countries categorized by continent.
- Time format Provides the option of using 24 hour or 12 hour time format.
- Start day Provides the option of starting the calendar week on Monday, Sunday, or Saturday.
- Cache Enables you to clear the calendar cache for repeating events.
- Primary CalDAV address Provides the primary CalDAV link URL.
- iOS/OS X CalDAV address Provides the iOS/OS X CalDAV link URL.



5.2.3 Synchronizing Calendars Using CalDAV

Calendaring Extensions to WebDAV, referred to as CalDAV, enables clients to access scheduling information on remote servers. As an extension to WebDAV, CalDAV (defined by RFC 4791) uses the iCalendar format to manage calendar data. CalDAV enables multiple clients to access the same information for use in cooperative planning and information sharing.

The Calendar app provides both the Primary CalDAV address and the iOS/OSX CalDAV address. Using these addresses, you can use CalDAV-compatible programs (for example, Kontact, Evolution, or Thunderbird) using the address provided.

To better understand the URL creation, consider the following examples:

Let's assume you access your ownCloud web interface using the following address:

http://ADDRESS

To access your ownCloud calendars using CalDAV-compatible programs like Kontact, Evolution, or Thunderbird, you would use the following URL:

http://ADDRESS/remote.php/caldav

To access your ownCloud calendars using Apple iCal you would use the following URL, making sure to include the final slash:

http://ADDRESS/remote.php/caldav/principals/username/

To access your ownCloud calendars using Mozilla Lightning you would use the following URL:

https://ADDRESS/remote.php/caldav/calendars/USERNAME/CALENDARNAME

The following is an example showing the completed URL where the calendar name is defaultcalendar and the username is test:

https://localhost/owncloud/remote.php/caldav/calendars/test/defaultcalendar

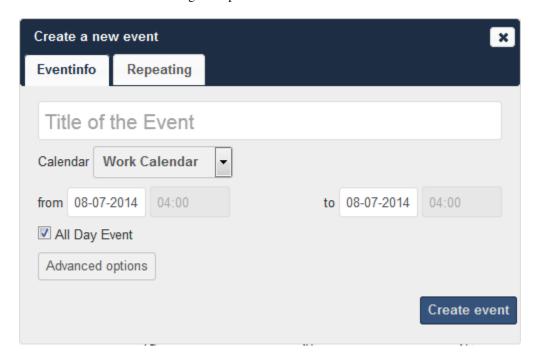
5.2.4 Creating Events

The Calendar app enables you to create new events.

To create a new event:

1. Click a date in the month view or a time in either the week or day views.

The Create a new event dialog box opens.



Create a new event dialog box

- 2. Specify a title for the event.
- 3. Specify a date and time duration for the event.
- 4. (Optional) Provide advanced option details. These details can include the event location, the event category, and an event description.

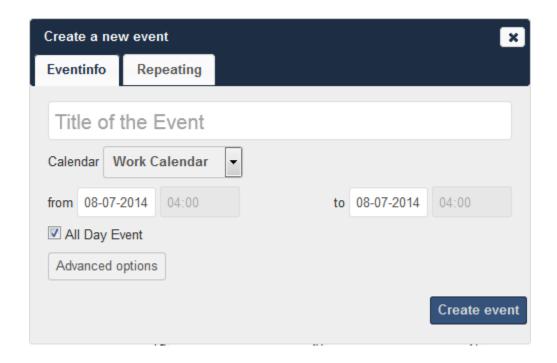
Create a new event dialog box

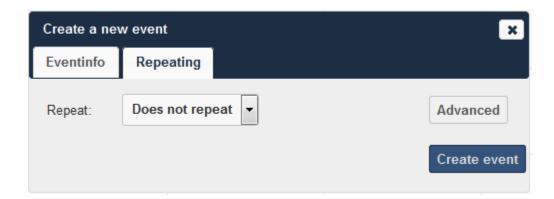
5. (Optional) Click the Repeating tab to define any repeat settings for the event.

Even Repeating tab

The Repeating tab provides the option of not repeating the event(default) or repeating the event daily, weekly, every weekday, biweekly, monthly, or yearly. In addition, by selecting the Advanced button in the Repeating tab, each repeat option provides different levels of customization to better define your repeat requirements for the event.

The following table helps to define the options for each repeat rule:



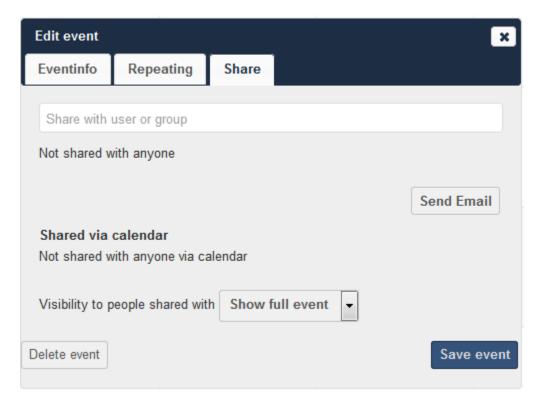


Repeat	Options
Rule	
Does not	n/a
repeat	
Daily	Interval - Interval at which the event is repeated End - never, by occurrences, by date
Weekly	Select weekdays - Weekday(s) on which the event is repeated Interval - Interval at which the
	event is repeated End - never, by occurrences, by date
Every	Interval - Interval at which the event is repeated End - never, by occurrences, by date
Week-	
day	
Bi-	Interval - Interval at which the event is repeated End - never, by occurrences, by date
Weekly	
Monthly	Day choice – by monthday or by weekday Events week of month - Weekday selection only;
	week of month on which event occurs Select weekdays - Weekday(s) on which the event is
	repeated Interval - Interval at which the event is repeated End - never, by occurrences, by date
Yearly	Date option - by event's date, by year days, by week number, by day and month Interval -
	Interval at which the event is repeated End - never, by occurrences, by date

Note: If you choose all days (Monday through Friday) in the weekview menu, the repeating option automatically sets the repeat rule to "every weekday." If you can divide the interval of the weekview by two, the repeating option automatically sets the repeat rule to "Bi-Weekly".

5.2.5 Sharing Events

Once an event has been saved, a new tab appears for the event that enables you to share it.



The options available in the Share tab include the following:

- Share with user or group field Enables you to specify users or groups with whom you want to share the event.
- Share visibility pulldown menu Enables you to specify the level of information that is shared. The possible levels include:
 - Show full event Displays full event details to those with whom the event is shared.
 - Show only busy Displays only that you are busy during this event; no event details are provided.
 - Hide event Hides the event from the users or groups specified.

To share an event:

- 1. Specify the users or groups with whom you want to share (or hide) the event.
- 2. Define the level of visibility that you want the users or groups to have.
- 3. (Optional) Click the Send Email button to share the event details using an email.
- 4. Click the Save event button to save your changes.

 The Calendar app saves and closes the event window.

--

5.2.6 Exporting and Importing Events

The Calendar app enables you to export and import event or entire calendars to or from other calendars.

Exporting Events

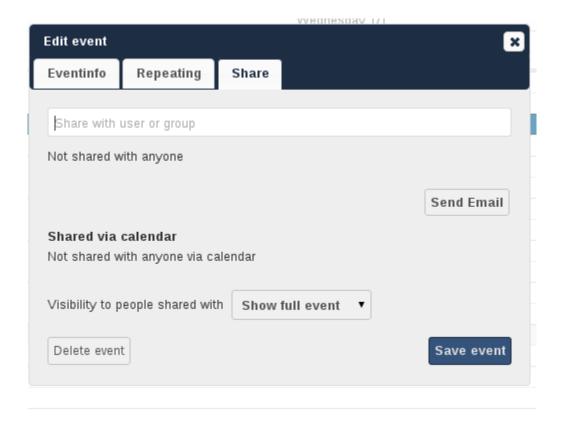


Figure 5.9: Exporting an event

You can export either a single event or an entire calendar. If you want to export a single event, click the event and press the export button in the bottom right corner. If you want to export an entire calendar, use the "Calendar" button as described in "Creating a calendar".

Importing Events

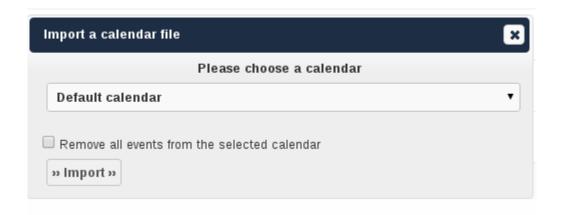


Figure 5.10: Importing events

You can import your calendar as an iCal file using the Files app. The Calendar app enables you to import the calendar into a new calendar or into an already existing calendar.

To import your calendar, click the calendar file to open the import dialog.

Note: If the progress bar does not work properly, the folder apps/calendar/import_tmp/ might not have write permission.

5.2.7 Deleting an Event

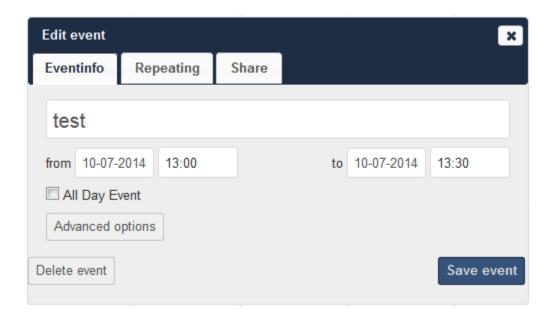
The Calendar app enables you to delete any event that you create. To delete a calendar event:

- 1. Click the event in the Calendar app.
 - The Edit event dialog box opens.
- 2. Click the Delete event button.
 - The Calendar app deletes the event.

5.2.8 Calendar App FAQ

Question: Why does the Calendar app request my current location?

Answer: The calendar needs your current position to detect your timezone. Without the correct timezone, a time offset exists between the events in the ownCloud calendar and the desktop calendar to which you are synchronizing. You can also set the timezone manually in the personal settings.



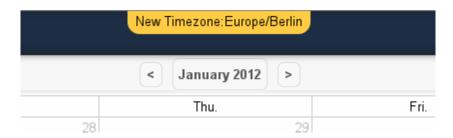


Figure 5.11: Timezone set notification

5.3 iOS - Synchronize iPhone/iPad

5.3.1 Calendar

- 1. Open the settings application.
- 2. Select Mail, Contacts, Calendars.
- 3. Select Add Account.
- 4. Select Other as account type.
- 5. Select Add CalDAV account.
- 6. For server, type ADDRESS/remote.php/caldav/principals/username
- 7. Enter your user name and password.
- 8. Select Next.
- 9. If your server does not support SSL, a warning will be displayed. Select Continue.
- 10. If the iPhone is unable to verify the account information perform the following:
 - · Select OK.
 - Select advanced settings.
 - Make sure Use SSL is set to OFF.
 - Change port to 80.
 - · Go back to account information and hit Save.

Your calendar should now be visible in the Calendar application

5.3.2 Address book

- 1. Open the settings application.
- 2. Select Mail, Contacts, Calendars.
- 3. Select Add Account.
- 4. Select Other as account type.
- 5. Select Add CardDAV account.
- 6. For server, type ADDRESS/remote.php/carddav/principals/username
- 7. Enter your user name and password.
- 8. Select Next.
- 9. If your server does not support SSL, a warning will be displayed. Select Continue.
- 10. If the iPhone is unable to verify the account information perform the following:
 - · Select OK.
 - · Select advanced settings.
 - Make sure Use SSL is set to OFF.
 - Change port to 80.
 - Go back to account information and hit Save.

Now should now find your contacts in the address book of your iPhone. If it's still not working, have a look at the *Troubleshooting* guide. .. 7.0 replace:: 7.0

5.4 Synchronizing with OS X

To use ownCloud with iCal you will need to use the following URL:

http://ADDRESS/remote.php/caldav/principals/username/

The setup is basically the same as with iOS using the path **ADDRESS/remote.php/caldav/principals/username/** to sync with ownCloud. For OS X 10.7 Lion and 10.8 Mountain Lion everything works fine, but OS X 10.6 (Snow Leopard) and older needs some fiddling to work. A user contributed the following:

- 1. Make sure, addressbook is not running. If it is, select the windows and press Command + Q to terminate it.
- Navigate to /Users/YOUR_USERNAME/Library/Application Support/AddressBook/Sources. If you have all ready some kind of addressbook setup, it is likely you will see some folders named like this BEA92826-FBF3-4E53-B5C6-ED7C2B454430. Note down what folders there are now and leave the window open.
- 3. Open addressbook and try to add a new CardDav addressbook. At this point, it does not matter what information you enter. It will come up with the same error message you mentioned before when you click "Create". Ignore it and click "Create" again. A non-functional addressbook will be added.
- 4. Close addressbook again using Command + Q
- 5. Go back to the folder window from step 2. You will now see a newly created folder with another long string as its name.
- 6. Navigate to the newly created folder and edit the **Configuration.plist** with your favorite text editor.
- 7. Search for a section looking like this:

8. Make it look like this. Please note that the :80 after **YOUR_DOMAIN** is important:

<key>servername</key> <string>http://:0(null)</string> <key>username</key> <string>Whatever_you_

- 9. Save the file and open addressbook again. It will not work yet.
- 10. Open the preferences for your ownCloud CardDAV-Account and enter your password.
- 11. You may have to restart addressbook once more. After this, it should work.

If it's still not working, have a look at the Troubleshooting guide.

There is also an easy HOWTO in the forum.

5.5 Thunderbird - Synchronize Addressbook

5.5.1 Addressbook

As someone who is new to ownCloud, New to SoGo Connector, and new to Thunderbird Addressbook... here is what you need in excruciating pithy detail you need to make this work (for all the other lost souls out there):

- 1. Thunderbird for your OS unless it comes with your OS distribution (Linux)
- 2. Sogo Connector (latest release)

With an installed Thunderbird mailtool, and installed SoGo Connector:

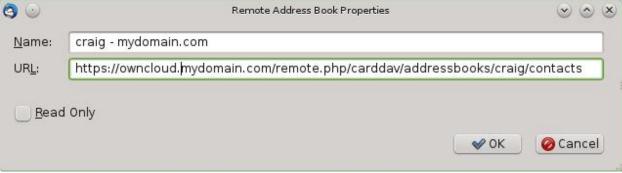
- 1. Thunderbird Addressbook is in the Thunderbird "Tools" Menu
- 2. In the Thunderbird Addressbook application:
 - "File > New > **Remote Addressbook**" (SoGo Connector added this)
 - "Name:" is the name you want to give your Addressbook in the Thunderbird addressbook bar area
 - "URL:" is found in your ownCloud Contacts area, that little Gear symbol



in the -bottom left- of the Contacts View (same symbol as found in the -top right- in the Calendar view). Then look for a little impeller symbol



which will display the URL you need for your installation to work.

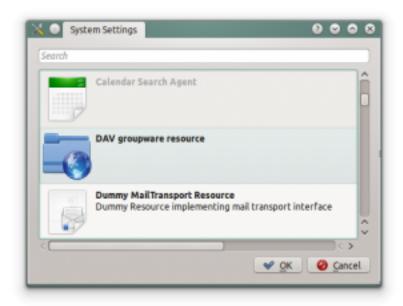


Once installed, synchronize (right click on your newly made remote addressbook and select "Synchronize"). You'll see your addressbook populate from ownCloud! Don't click "read only" above unless you don't want to modify your ownCloud server addressbook, like it contains a listing of corporate contacts and is shared with lots of people, and you don't want a new user dragging it somewhere unintended.

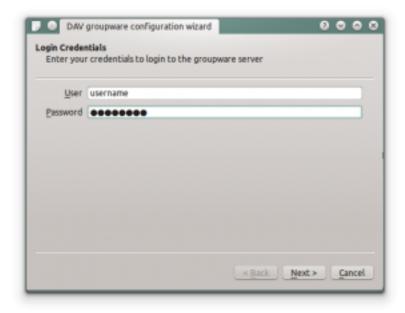
The rest of the details of dealing with Thunderbird addressbook are left to the reader... First thing I learned is dragging a contact to a different addressbook is a "move" operation. If you are worried about losing the contact, save it to a VCF file using ownCloud (Or LDIF using Thunderbird Addressbook) first! Like dragging from "ownCloud Addressbook" to "Personal Address Book" removes the contact from ownCloud Server (*deleting it from all the other synchronized installations*) and puts it in your Local Machine -only- Addressbook. So be careful or you'll have unintended consequences where you might have intended a "copy" operation.

Contact Pictures are also sync'ed!

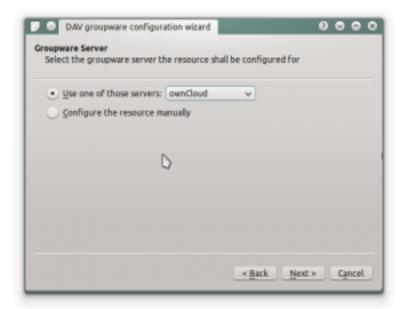
5.6 Synchronizing with KDE SC



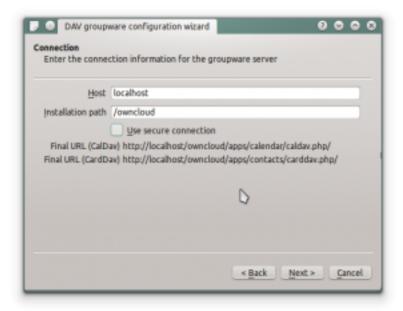
From KDE SC 4.8 and forward setting up ownCloud is very easy. From System Settings Personal Information/Akonadi Resources Configuration select DAV Groupware resource.



Enter your ownCloud username and password and click "Next".



Select ownCloud in the drop down list and click "Next".



Enter the host name and installation path. If you do not use SSL remember to de-select "Use secure connection".



Test the connection. If everything went well you should see a message like the one below.



Click "Finish" and you will be able to change the display name and refresh interval.



Now you should see the Akonadi resource doing the first synchronization.

You can find the Contacts and Calendars in Kontact (or KOrganizer/KAddressbook if you run the programs separately.)





5.7 Troubleshooting

5.7.1 Debugging the issue

In a standard ownCloud installation the log level is set to "Normal". to find any issues you need to raise the log level to "All" from the Admin page. Some logging - for example JavaScript console logging - needs manually editing the configuration file. Edit config/config.php and add define ('DEBUG', true);:

For JavaScript issues you will also need to view the javascript console. All major browsers have decent developer tools for viewing the console, and you usually access them by pressing F-12. For Firefox it is recommended to install the Firebug extension.

5.7.2 Service discovery

Some clients - especially iOS - have problems finding the proper sync URL, even when explicitly configured to use it. There are several techniques to remedy this, which are described extensively at the Sabre DAV website.

Apple iOS

Below is what have proven to work with iOS including iOS 7.

If your ownCloud instance is installed in a sub-folder under the web servers document root, and the client has difficulties finding the Cal- or CardDAV end-points, configure your web server to redirect from a "well-know" URL to the one used by ownCloud. When using the Apache web server this is easily achieved using a .htaccess file in the document root of your site.

Say your instance is located in the owncloud folder, so the URL to it is ADDRESS/owncloud, create or edit the .htaccess file and add the following lines:

```
Redirect 301 /.well-known/carddav /owncloud/remote.php/carddav Redirect 301 /.well-known/caldav /owncloud/remote.php/caldav
```

If you use Nginx as web server, the setting looks something like:

```
url.redirect = (
    "^/.well-known/carddav" => "/owncloud/remote.php/carddav",
    "^/.well-known/caldav" => "/owncloud/remote.php/caldav",
)
```

Now change the URL in the client settings to just use ADDRESS instead of e.g. ADDRESS/remote.php/carddav/principals/username.

This problem is being discussed in the forum.

BlackBerry OS 10.2

BlackBerry OS up to 10.2.2102 doesn't accept a URL with protocol https://in front of the server address. It will always tell you, that it cannot login on your server. So instead of writing

https://address/remote.php/carddav/principals/username

in the server address field, you have to write

address/remote.php/carddav/principals/username

5.7.3 Unable to update Contacts or Events

If you get an error like PATCH https://ADDRESS/some_url HTTP/1.0 501 Not Implemented it is likely caused by one of the following reasons:

Outdated lighttpd web server lighttpd in debian wheezy (1.4.31) doesn't support the PATCH HTTP verb. Upgrade to lighttpd >= 1.4.33.

Using Pound reverse-proxy/load balancer As of writing this Pound doesn't support the HTTP/1.1 verb. Pound is easily patched to support HTTP/1.1.

USING THE BOOKMARKS APP

If you want to add a bookmark to the Bookmarks application, you can either use the main interface or the bookmarklet.

6.1 The main interface

6.1.1 Add a bookmark

In the bookmark application, enter a URL into the top-left area of the content section. After adding an address, click on the pencil button to edit fields for the given address. The main ownCloud bookmark interface contains 3 fields at the top where you can enter the website address (or URL), the title of your bookmark, and a set of tags separated from each other by a space.



Figure 6.1: Adding a bookmark manually

In this example, we have added the page http://wikipedia.org with the title "Wikipedia" and some tags describing what Wikipedia is for an easier search later on.

6.1.2 Edit/Delete a bookmark

You also have the possibility to edit or delete a bookmark.

To edit a bookmark, hover over the bookmark and click on the pencil icon. The bookmark details will then be filled into the 3 fields at the top of the screen. Modify your bookmark to your needs then click the save button to persist the change.

To delete a bookmark, hover over the bookmark and click the cross icon.

6.1.3 Search

If you click on a tag, ownCloud will only display the bookmarks that are described with this tag.

You can also use the search bar of ownCloud in the top right of your screen.

Simply click on the "Bookmarks" menu in the sidebar to come back to the default view.

6.2 The Bookmarklet

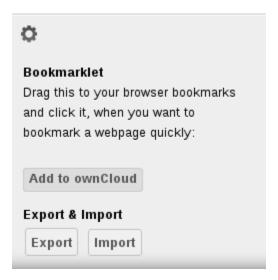


Figure 6.2: Bookmarklet link

The creator of this app understands that people won't want to open the ownCloud boorkmarks page to add a bookmark every time they see a cool site. This is why they have made this cool "bookmarklet".

A bookmarklet is small button that you can drag and drop in your bookmarks. The next time you see a cool new site, click on this special bookmark to add the site to your ownCloud bookmarks.

To find this bookmark, click on the gear button at the bottom of the bookmarks app.

DOCUMENTS

Document editing is one of the new features in ownCloud 6. With this app, multiple users can edit rich-text simultaneously. The documents can be created from within the web-interface or existing documents can be uploaded. Sharing and editing can be done securely in the browser and be shared inside ownCloud or via a public link. User that have an account on the same server can be invited or public invitations can also be sent be email. The editing works on top of normal ODF files that are stored in ownCloud.

7.1 The main interface



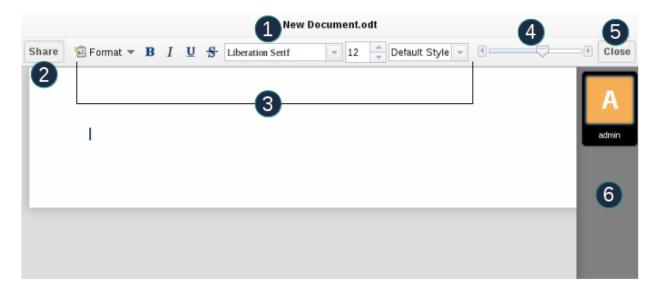
7.1.1 Create/Upload a Document

In the documents application, click on the respective buttons to create or upload a document into your ownCloud. The *New document* button will create a document named "New document.odt". The extension ODT is an OpenDocument format, which many major office applications let you create/edit/view.

The *Upload* button allows you to upload any kind of document, but currently you can only edit ODT files within ownCloud.

7.1.2 Edit a Document

If ownCloud contains at least one ODT file, you can immediately start editing by clicking on the file within the documents app. Clicking on documents in files app will only display it. Below, you can see editing a newly created document file:

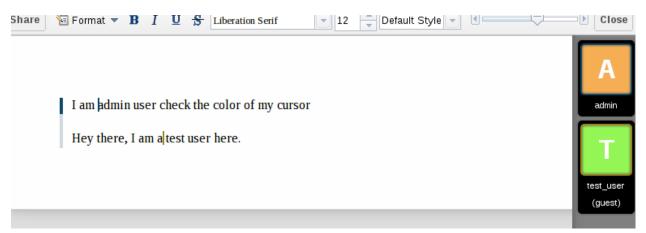


Here is the explanation of each field in the image shown above:

- 1. Clicking on the file name allows you to change filename.
- 2. Allows you to share the document to public, specific users or groups. Will be explained in detail in *Share a document* section.
- 3. Formatting toolbar lets you change text styles.
- 4. Zoom in/out
- 5. Close document by saving changes
- 6. Users currently editing this document

Collaboratively Editing a Document

To edit a file collaboratively, it needs to be shared with at least one user by using the *Share* button. When multiple uses have permission to edit a document, they will be able to edit it at the same time. The cursor of all editing users will be the same color as the border color of their user picture.



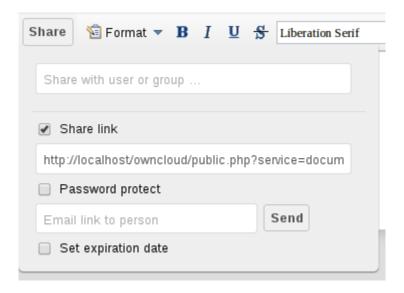
If a user is not a local user (e.g accessing the file using public link), he/she will be shown as guest in user list and they will type a nickname before editing.

7.1.3 Delete a Document

A document can be deleted using the files app and following the same procedure as for other file types. Clicking on the cross icon deletes the selected document.

7.1.4 Share a Document

Document sharing has the same options as when sharing other files. While editing a document, you can use the *Share* button to enable other users to edit the document. This button will display all available options to share:



By default, you can enter local users or groups to share with. Checking *Share link* will enable sharing via a public link, for which you can set a password to prevent editing by unwanted users. Shares can also have an expiration date that will expire the link after a given date. ownCloud will send the public link to users by email by typing each email address into the email field. Separate multiple email addresses with a space.

To see all of the features of the ownCloud document app, watch the video on YouTube.

7.1. The main interface 65

EIGHT

USER ACCOUNT MIGRATION

User account migration support is provided by the user_migrate app. It is important to note that only data from apps that support migration will be migrated. While we encourage all apps to support migration, it is not a requirement and it the responsibility of the app developer.

8.1 Export

To export your user account, simply visit Settings > Personal and click on the 'Export' button. A compressed zip file will be generated on the fly and downloaded to your computer. This file includes all of your files and application data that was stored on your ownCloud account. You may use this as a method of backing up your personal account.

8.2 Import

To import your user account, you must first have an existing account on your new ownCloud install. Then follow this procedure:

- 1. Login to your new account on the new ownCloud instance
- 2. Navigate to the Settings > Personal page
- 3. Select the 'Import' button, and locate the zip file that you downloaded from your old ownCloud instance
- 4. Wait for the file to be uploaded and imported

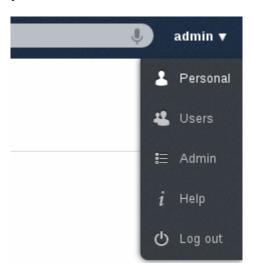
Note: Your user account credentials will not be migrated.

CHANGING PREFERENCES

As a user, you can manage your personal settings.

To access your personal settings:

Clicking on your username in the top, right corner of your ownCloud instance.
 The Personal Settings Menu opens.



Personal Settings Menu

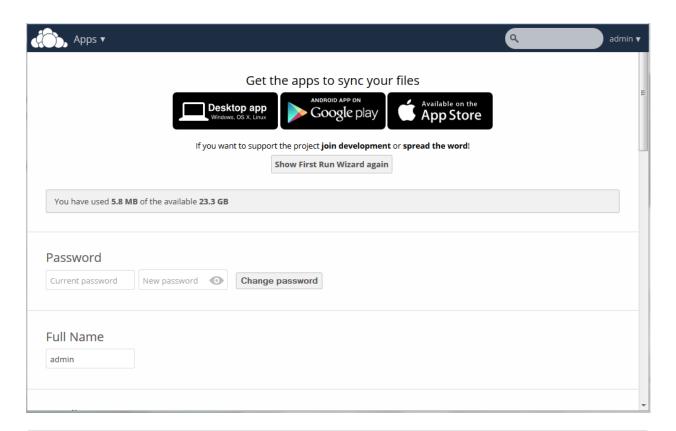
2. Choose *Personal* from the drop down menu.

The Personal Settings Page opens in the main viewing window.

Note: If you are an administrator, you can also manage users and administer the server by using the related links in the Personal Settings Menu. However, these links do not appear to a normal user.

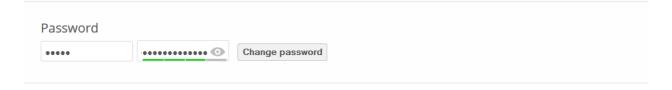
The options listed in the Personal Settings Page depend on the applications that are enabled by the administrator. However, some of the default settings for this page include the following:

• Usage and available quota – Appearing at the top of the page, this information provides the amount of space used and available for the user (in Megabytes).



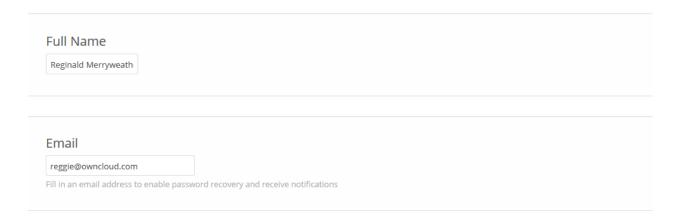
You have used 5.8 MB of the available 23.3 GB

Password – Enables you to change your password. To change your password, you must provide your current
password along with your new password. When creating a new password, ownCloud provides a dynamic password strength indicator for your assistance.



Note: If you would like the ability to recover your password through e-mail, specify your email address in the Email field (see below).

- Full Name Enables you to specify your full name. This name appears at the top of the Personal Settings Menu.
- Email Enables you to specify an email address for use by the ownCloud server and administrator in sending you notifications. For information about setting email notifications, see "Notifications" below.
- Profile picture Enables you to specify a new avatar (profile image) that identifies you on the ownCloud server. By default, the profile picture is the first initial of your username. You can choose to keep the letter designation,



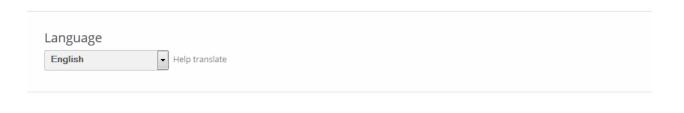
upload a new image from an external source, or select an image from any existing images in your ownCloud folders.

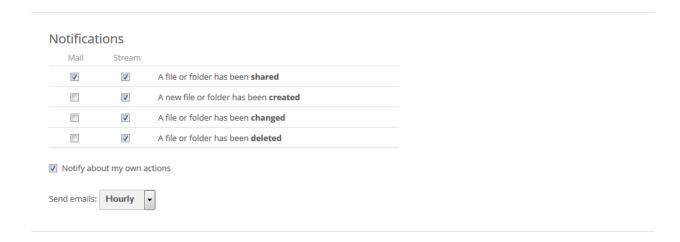


- Language Enables you to change your web interface language, if you want to override the browser settings.
- Notifications Enables you to specify what notifications you receive for activities on your ownCloud instance.
 You can choose to receive messages through an email notification or online stream notification. In addition, the
 Notifications settings enable you to exclude changes that you make yourself and obtain only changes made by
 others on your account. You can obtain notifications hourly, daily, or weekly.
- Documents Enables you to specify a location (folder) to which newly created documents are saved.
- WebDAV link will allow you to only view and download your ownCloud files using a browser. You will still need your username and password to access this page.

??Is this no longer visible??

• Version – Specifies the ownCloud software version that you are using along with links to the ownCloud community, source code, and licensing information.





Docun	nents	
Save new	documents to	/

CONFIGURING EXTERNAL STORAGE

ownCloud enables you to redirect files to external storage. This topic describes how to configure Google Drive for external storage.

10.1 Before You Begin

All applications that access a Google API must be registered through the "Google Cloud Console". You can access the Google Cloud console using the following URL:

https://cloud.google.com/console

10.2 Configuring Google Drive for External Storage

To configure Google Drive for external storage:

- 1. Access your Google Drive account page.
- 2. Enter your Google login credentials and press the Sign in button.
- 3. Enter your verification code.

The verification code was sent to you by SMS or the Authenticator App.

?? Where do I find this??

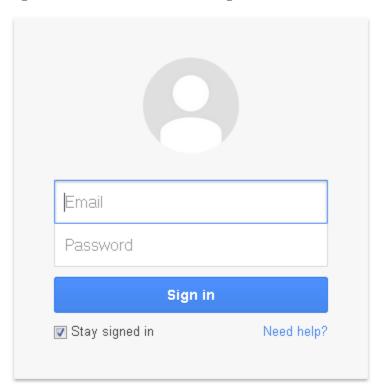
- 4. Click Verify.
- 5. Create a project by specifying a project name (for example, "ownCloud-Project").
- 6. Select the project and choose the "APIs & auth" menu entry.
- 7. Ensure that the "Drive API" and "Drive SDK" status is set to "ON" in the APIs menu.
- 8. Click on the gear button next to the "Drive API" or "Drive SDK" and choose the "API access" menu entry.
- 9. Click Edit branding information
 - The "Edit branding information" window opens.
- 10. Specify the desired branding information that you want users to see whenever you request access to their private data using your new client ID.
- 11. Click Update.

The "Edit branding information" window closes.



One account. All of Google.

Sign in to continue to Google Cloud Console



Create an account

One Google Account for everything Google







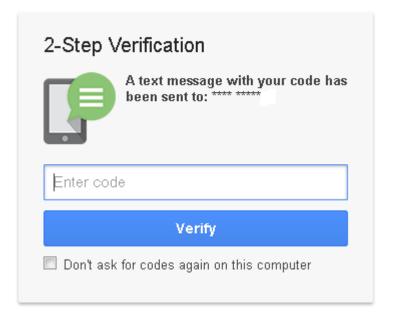


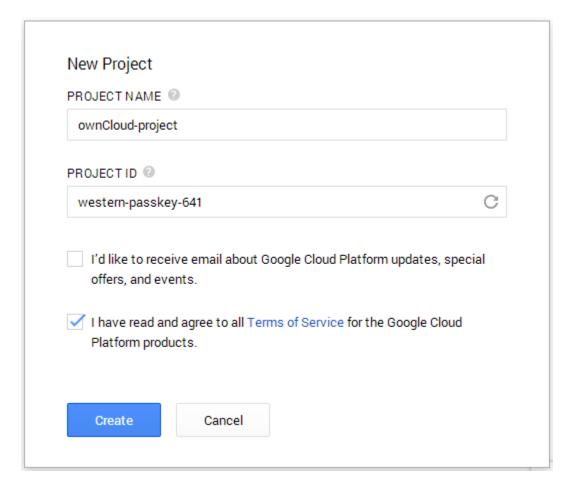


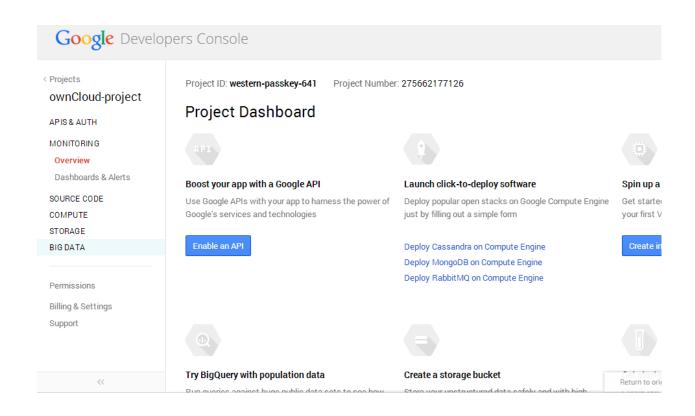




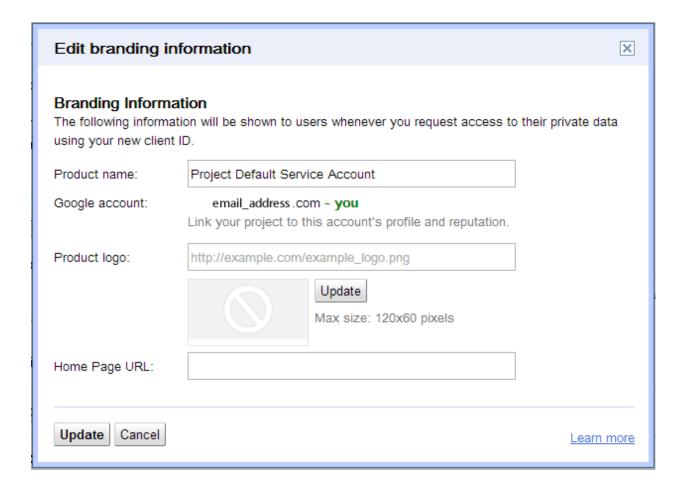






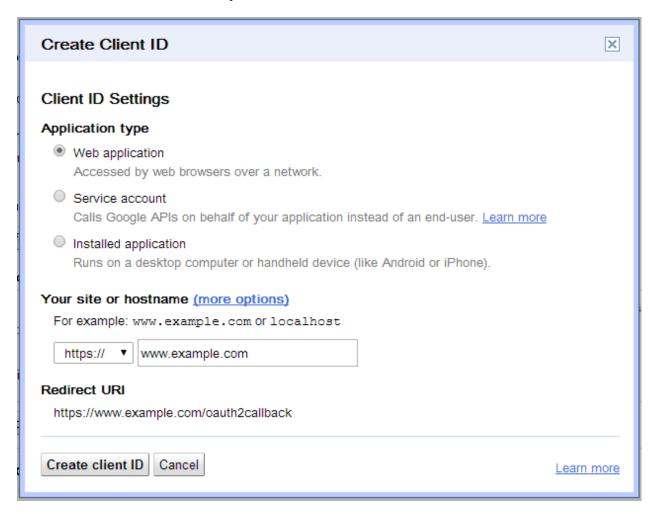






12. Click Create another client ID....

The "Create Client ID" window opens.



- 13. Select "Web application" as the application type.
- 14. Next to "Your site or hostname", click more options.
- # ??This doesn't appear to work.??
 - 15. Enter the following URLs to the "Authorized Redirect URIs" list.

```
https://your-internet-domain/owncloud/index.php/settings/personal https://your-internet-domain/owncloud/index.php/settings/admin
```

Note: Attention: Make sure that the URLs contain a valid internet domain name and that this domain name is also used to access ownCloud, otherwise these URLs will not be accepted. This does not mean that ownCloud need to be accessible from the Internet, but that the domain name is send to Google to verify if the redirect URIs are valid.

- 16. Click Update.
- 17. Log in to ownCloud using the previously entered Internet domain.

??Which one? It looks like we are supposed to enter two of them ... one personal and one admin. I am unable to go further with these instructions without understanding why this isn't working the way it is described.??

- 18. Click Add storage in the ownCloud Admin or Personal settings dialog to add the Google Drive.
- 19. Specify the folder name that you want to use to access the share (for example, "GDrive").
- 20. Specify the Google OAuth 2.0 Client ID and Client secret.

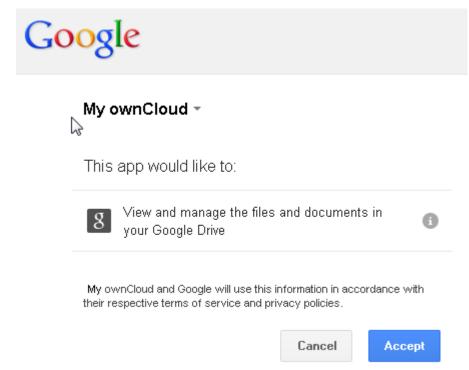
For the admin settings, you must also choose the **user and/or group** to allow access to the Google Drive (Applicable).

External Storage Folder name External storage Configuration Growe Google Drive Client ID Client secret

21. Click Grant Access.

Your are redirected to a Google website.

22. Click Accept to confirm that you accept the Google data usage and data security policy.



CHAPTER

ELEVEN

INDICES AND TABLES

• genindex